Name	Class	Date
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Chapter 1 Introduction to Earth Science

Section 1.2 A View of Earth

This section explains the physical structure of Earth.

Reading Strategy

Predicting Before you read, predict the meaning of the vocabulary terms. After you read, revise your definition if your prediction was incorrect. For more information on this Reading Strategy, see the **Reading and Study Skills** in the **Skills and Reference Handbook** at the end of your textbook.

Vocabulary Term	Before You Read	After You Read	
hydrosphere	a.	b.	
atmosphere	C.	d.	
geosphere	e.	f.	
biosphere	g.	h.	
core	i.	j.	
mantle	k.	I.	
crust	m.	n.	

Earth's Major Spheres

1. Earth can be thought	or as consisting of four major spheres: the
and,	-·
Match each term to its descrip	tion.
Term	Description
2. hydrosphere	a. all life-forms on Earth
3. atmosphere	b. composed of the core, mantle, and crust
4. geosphere	c. dense, heavy inner sphere of Earth
5. biosphere	d. thin outside layer of Earth's surface
6. core	e. the water portion of Earth
7. mantle	f. the gaseous envelope around Earth
8. crust	g. located between the crust and core of Earth

J. _____

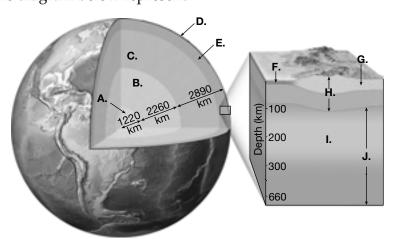


Plate Tectonics

10. Is the following sentence true or false? Forces such as weathering and erosion that work to wear away high points and flatten out Earth's surface are called constructive forces.

11. Circle the letter of each type of constructive force.

- a. gravity
- b. mountain building
- c. ocean currents
- d. volcanism

12. Is the following sentence true or false? Constructive forces depend on Earth's internal heat for their source of energy.

13. Circle the letter of the theory that provided geologists with a model to explain how earthquakes and volcanic eruptions occur and how continents move.

14. Explain the principles of the plate tectonics theory.

- a. continental drift
- b. evolution
- c. plate tectonics
- d. Pangaea

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